

# Solar radiation (global irradiance)

Technical features - MODELS



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## Secondary standard pyranometers

Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 (Part I, Chapter 7) standards. These sensors are classified as ISO 9060 Secondary Standard. With a total daily uncertainty of only 2%, fast response time, these sensors are ideal for users requiring high-end accuracy and reliability.

Order numb.	DPA252 (1)	DPA852 (1)	DPA952 (1)
Output	$\mu\text{V}$	4 $\div$ 20 mA	RS485-Modbus
Power supply	-	7 $\div$ 35 Vdc	
Sensitivity	7 $\div$ 25 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{W}/\text{m}^2)$	NA	NA
Measuring range	See Irradiance range	0 $\div$ 1600 $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$	
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)		

### Common features

Secondary Standard pyranometer	ISO 9060 classification	Secondary Standard
	Achievable uncertainty 95% confidential level (daily totals). According to WMO manual, not considering calibration errors, for well maintained instruments on clear sky days, at mid-latitude sites	$\pm 2\%$
	Spectral range	285 $\div$ 3000 nm
	Temperature response (50 K range)	$< \pm 1\%$ (-10 $\div$ 40 °C) when compensated: $< \pm 0,4\%$ (-30 $\div$ 50°C)
	Irradiance range	0 $\div$ 4000 $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$
	Response time 95%	3 s
	Directional (azimuth+cosine) error $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ (@1000 $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ ) $0 < \theta < 80^\circ$	$< \pm 10 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$
	Zero offset a (response to 200 $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ net thermal radiation)	$< 5 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$ (unventilated)
	Zero offset b: Thermal change $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ (5 °C/h)	$< \pm 2 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$
	Non linearity % (1000 $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ )	$< \pm 0.2 \%$
	Stability (% change/year)	$< \pm 0.5 \%$
	Standard built-in temperature sensor	Yes
	Standard built-in heater	Yes (12 Vdc, 1,5 W)
	Data provided with each sensor	- Calibration certificate - Temperature dependence data - Directional response data
	Recommended recalibration	Every 2 years
	Mounting (pole $\varnothing$ 45 $\div$ 65 mm)	Using DYA034 or DYA035 arms + DYA049
	Cable	See Accessories
	Housing	Anodized aluminum

continued



## Accessories

## Order numb.



**DYA035** Tilting arm for fixing DPA252-852-952 pyranometers to DYA049 collar

**DYA034** Arm for fixing DPA252-852-952 pyranometers to DYA049 collar

**DYA049** Mast-mounting device for  $\varnothing$  45-65 mm pipe



**DEA852** Signal amplifier for Pyranometers  
Output: 0/4÷20 mA, 0/1÷5 V  
Power consumption: output + 10 mA  
Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc  
Requires DWA5xx cable

**DEA854** Same features as DEA852.  
Connection: free wires terminal

**DPA250** Ventilation unit for DPA252  
Power supply: 12 Vdc  
Operative temperature: -40÷70°C

**DWA205** Cable for DPA252-852-952  
L = 5 m

**DWA210** Cable for DPA252-852-952  
L = 10 m

**DWA225** Cable for DPA252-852-952  
L = 25 m





### First class pyranometers

Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 (Part I, Chapter 7) standards. These sensors are classified as ISO 9060 First Class. With a total daily uncertainty of 5%, flat spectral response (305-2800 nm) and optimal temperature stability, this sensor represents the optimal compromise between costs and quality of irradiance measurement

Order numb.	DPA154	DPA855	DPA870
Output	$\mu\text{V}/\text{W}/\text{m}^2$	4÷20 mA	RS485
Protocol			Modbus RTU® TTY-ASCII
Programmable output			max., min., ave. (1÷3600 s)
RS485 protection			Galvanic insulation (3 kV, UL1577)
RS485 speed			1200÷115 kbps
Electric Protection		Tranzorb e Emifilters	
Power supply	None	10÷30 Vac/dc	
Measuring range	See Irradiance range	0÷1500 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
Power consumption	None	0,5 W	
Other measures			Air temp. (included) Surface temp. (DLE125 sensor)
Cable	Included L = 10 m (DWA410)	Not included See accessories	
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) X/E-Log (all models)		




### Common features

Pyranometer	<i>Principle</i>	Thermopile
	<i>ISO 9060 Classification</i>	First class
	<i>Spectral range</i>	305÷2800 nm
	<i>Sensitivity</i>	30÷45 $\mu\text{V}/\text{W}/\text{m}^2$
	<i>Achievable uncertainty 95% confidential level. (daily totals)</i>	±5%
	<i>Irradiance Range</i>	0÷2000 W/m <sup>2</sup>
	<i>Response time (T95%)</i>	23 s
	<i>Zero offset: Thermal change W/m<sup>2</sup> (5 °C/h)</i>	<± 4 W/m <sup>2</sup>
	<i>Directional (azimuth+cosine) error W/m<sup>2</sup> (@ 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>) 0 &lt; <math>\theta</math> &lt; 80°</i>	<± 20 W/m <sup>2</sup>
	<i>Non linearity % (@ 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>)</i>	<± 1 %
	<i>Stability (% change/year)</i>	<± 1,5 %
	<i>Temperature response (50 K range)</i>	<± 4 % (-10÷40 °C)
	<i>Operative temperature</i>	-50÷+80°C

continued



General information	<i>Housing</i>	Anodized aluminum
	<i>Recalibration</i>	Every 2 years
	<i>Mounting (pole ø 45÷65 mm)</i>	Using DYA034 (horizontal) or DYA035 (tilting) arms + DYA049 collar

Accessories	Order numb.	
	<b>DYA035</b>	Tilting arm for fixing DPA154-855-870 pyranometers to DYA049 collar
	<b>DYA034</b>	Horizontal arm for fixing DPA154-855-870 pyranometers to DYA049 collar
	<b>DYA049</b>	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe
	<b>DEA852</b>	Signal amplifier for Pyranometers Output: 0/4÷20 mA, 0/1÷5 V Power consumption: output + 10 mA Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc Requires DWA5xx cable
	<b>DEA854</b>	Same features as DEA852 Connection: free wires terminal
	<b>DWA410</b>	Cable for DPA154-855-870 L = 10 m
	<b>DWA425</b>	Cable for DPA154-855-870 L = 25 m
	<b>DWA426</b>	Cable for DPA154-855-870 L = 50 m
	<b>DWA427</b>	Cable for DPA154-855-870 L = 100 m
	<b>DPA245</b>	Occultation band for diffuse radiation



### Second Class Pyranometers

Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to Second class as ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 standards. This sensor is a good compromise for basic meteorological, agrometeorological and solar energy applications.

Order numb.	DPA053 (1)	DPA863 (2)	DPA873 (2)
Output	$\mu\text{V/W/m}^2$	4 $\div$ 20 mA	RS485
Protocol	-	-	Modbus RTU®, TTY-ASCII
Programmable data output	-	-	max.min.ave. (1 $\div$ 3600 sec)
RS485 protection	-	-	Galvanic insulation (3 kV, UL1577)
RS485 speed	-	-	1200 $\div$ 115 kbps
Protection	-	Tranzorb and Emifilters	
Power supply	-	10 $\div$ 30 Vac/dc	
Power consumption	-	0,5 W	
Mesurement range	See "Irradiance range"	0 $\div$ 1500 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
Sensitivity	10 $\div$ 15 $\mu\text{V/W/m}^2$	NA	
Response time (T90%)	16 s	18 s	
Cable	L = 5 m	Not included (see Accessories)	
Installation (on $\varnothing$ 50 mm pole)	DYA032 arm + DYA049 collar (horizontal) DYA048 plate + DYA035 arm + DYA049 collar (tilting)	DYA034 (horizontal) or DYA035 (tilting) arms + DYA049 collar	
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	-	-

#### Common features

Pyranometer	<i>Principle</i>	Thermopile
	<i>ISO 9060 Classification</i>	Second class
	<i>Spectral range</i>	305 $\div$ 2800 nm
	<i>Irradiance range</i>	0 $\div$ 2000 W/m <sup>2</sup>
	<i>Achievable uncertainty 95% confidential level (daily totals)</i>	10%
	<i>Temperature response (50°K range)</i>	<7% (-10 $\div$ 40 °C) (0,14%/°C)
	<i>Operative temperature</i>	-40 $\div$ 80°C
General information	<i>Housing</i>	Anodized aluminum
	<i>Recalibration</i>	Every 2 years

continued



## Accessories

## Order numb.



**DYA035** Tilting arm for fixing DPA863-873 pyranometers to DYAO49 collar  
For DPA053 add DYAO48 plate

**DYA032** Horizontal arm for fixing DPA053 to DYAO49 collar

**DYA034** Horizontal arm for fixing DPA863-873 to DYAO49 collar

**DYA049** Mast-mounting device for  $\varnothing$  45-65 mm pipe

**DYA048** Plate for levelling DPA053 on DYAO34 or DYAO35 arm

**DYA120** Radiant shield for DPA053



**DEA852** Signal amplifier for Pyranometers  
Output: 0/4÷20 mA, 0/1÷5 V  
Power consumption: output+ 10 mA  
Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc Requires DWA5xx cable

**DEA854** Same features as DEA852.  
Connection: free wires terminal

**DWA410** Cable for DPA863-873  
L = 10 m

**DWA425** Cable for DPA863-873  
L = 25 m

**DWA426** Cable for DPA863-873  
L = 50 m

**DWA427** Cable for DPA863-873  
L = 100 m



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### Calibrated Cell

DPA048 is a high-performance calibrated cell. What really sets it apart from the rest of the market is the fact that this sensor is available in different cell technologies (Monocrystalline, polycrystalline, amorphous) – the user can select the technology that fits his own application. Furthermore, the calibration of every sensor is achieved by a reference element (quality grade A, constructed in an identical fashion) from an accredited test laborator in  $W/m^2$ . A calibrating printout similar to EN DIN 17025 documents the product specific parameters.

Order numb.	DPA048.1	DPA048.2	DPA048.3
Technology	Monocrystalline	Polycrystalline	Amorphus
Accuracy	4%		5%
Output	~100 mV /1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> @25°C		
Temperature sensor	Pt 1000, laminated or bonded centrally under the cell		

### Common features

General information		
<i>Cable</i>		Shielded L = 3m
<i>Housing</i>		Aluminum
<i>Mounting</i>		Bolts M 5 backside
<i>Operative temperature</i>		-25°-80° C
<i>Mounting</i>		On surfaces
<i>Data logger compatibility</i>		M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)

